

#### **Lesson Procedures**

## **Step One: Introduction**

Introduce the lesson and the Student Objectives on the **Lesson Plan**. Distribute and discuss **Handout 1—Deliberation Guide**. Review the Rules of Deliberation and post them in a prominent position in the classroom. Emphasize that the class will deliberate and then debrief the experience.

## **Step Two: Reading**

Distribute a copy of the **Reading** to each student. Have students read the article carefully and underline facts and ideas they think are important and/or interesting (ideally for homework).

# **Step Three: Grouping and Reading Discussion**

Divide the class into groups of four or five students. Group members should share important facts and interesting ideas with each other to develop a common understanding of the article. They can record these facts and ideas on **Handout 2—Deliberation Activities** (Review the Reading).

# Step Four: Introducing the Deliberation Question

Each **Reading** addresses a Deliberation Question. Read aloud and/or post the Deliberation Question and ask students to write the Deliberation Question in the space provided on **Handout 2**. Remind students of the Rules for Deliberation on **Handout 1** 

# **Step Five: Learning the Reasons**

Divide each group into two teams, Team A and Team B. Explain that each team is responsible for selecting the most compelling reasons for its position, which you will assign. Both teams should reread the **Reading**. Team A will find the most compelling reasons to **support** the Deliberation Question. Team B will find the most compelling reasons to **oppose** the Deliberation Question. To ensure maximum participation, ask everyone on the team to prepare to present at least one reason.

**Note**: Team A and Team B do not communicate while learning the reasons. If students need help identifying the arguments or time is limited, use the **Deliberation Question with Arguments** handouts. Ask students to identify the most compelling arguments and add any additional ones they may remember from the reading.

# Step Six: Presenting the Most Compelling Reasons

Tell students that each team will present the most compelling reasons to **support** or **oppose** the Deliberation Question. In preparation for the next step, Reversing Positions, have each team listen carefully for the most compelling reasons.

- Team A will explain their reasons for **supporting** the Deliberation Question. If Team B does not understand something, they should ask questions but NOT argue.
- Team B will explain their reasons for **opposing** the Deliberation Question. If Team A does not understand something, they should ask questions, but NOT argue.

**Note**: The teams may not believe in or agree with their reasons but should be as convincing as possible when presenting them to others.

## **Step Seven: Reversing Positions**

Explain that, to demonstrate that each side understands the opposing arguments, each team will select the other team's most compelling reasons.

- Team B will explain to Team A what Team A's **most compelling** reasons were for **supporting** the Deliberation Question.
- Team A will explain to Team B what Team B's **most compelling** reasons were for **opposing** the Deliberation Question.

## **Step Eight: Deliberating the Question**

Explain that students will now drop their roles and deliberate the question as a group. Remind the class of the question. In deliberating, students can (1) use what they have learned about the issue and (2) offer their personal experiences as they formulate opinions regarding the issue.

After deliberating, have students find areas of agreement in their group. Then ask students, as individuals, to express to the group their personal position on the issue and write it down (see My Personal Position on **Handout 2**).

**Note:** Individual students do **NOT** have to agree with the group.

# Step Nine: Debriefing the Deliberation

Reconvene the entire class. Distribute **Handout 3—Student Reflection on Deliberation** as a guide. Ask students to discuss the following questions:

- What were the most compelling reasons for each side?
- What were the areas of agreement?
- What questions do you still have? Where can you get more information?
- What are some reasons why deliberating this issue is important in a democracy?
- What might you or your class do to address this problem? Options include teaching others about what they have learned; writing to elected officials, NGOs, or businesses; and conducting additional research.

Consider having students prepare personal reflections on the Deliberation Question through written, visual, or audio essays. Personal opinions can be posted on the web.

## **Step Ten: Student Poll/Student Reflection**

Ask students: "Do you agree, disagree, or are you still undecided about the Deliberation Question?" Record the responses and have a student post the results on <a href="www.deliberating.org">www.deliberating.org</a> under the partnerships and/or the polls. Have students complete **Handout 3**.



#### **Handout 1—Deliberation Guide**

#### What Is Deliberation?

Deliberation (meaningful discussion) is the focused exchange of ideas and the analysis of arguments with the aim of making a decision.

# Why Are We Deliberating?

Citizens must be able and willing to express and exchange ideas among themselves, with community leaders, and with their representatives in government. Citizens and public officials in a democracy need skills and opportunities to engage in civil public discussion of controversial issues in order to make informed policy decisions. Deliberation requires keeping an open mind, as this skill enables citizens to reconsider a decision based on new information or changing circumstances.

#### What Are the Rules for Deliberation?

- Read the material carefully.
- Focus on the deliberation question.
- Listen carefully to what others are saying.
- Check for understanding.
- Analyze what others say.
- Speak and encourage others to speak.
- Refer to the reading to support your ideas.
- Use relevant background knowledge, including life experiences, in a logical way.
- Use your heart and mind to express ideas and opinions.
- Remain engaged and respectful when controversy arises.
- Focus on ideas, not personalities.



## **Handout 2—Deliberation Activities**

## **Review the Reading**

| Determine the most important facts and/or interesting ideas and write them below. |  |
|---|--|
| 1)  |  |
| 2)  |  |
| 3)  |  |
| Deliberation Question   |  |

# Learning the Reasons

| Reasons to Oppose the Deliberation<br>Question (Team B) |  |  |
|---|--|--|
|   |  |  |
|   |  |  |
|   |  |  |
|   |  |  |
|   |  |  |
|   |  |  |
|   |  |  |
|   |  |  |

# **My Personal Position**

On a separate sheet of paper, write down reasons to support your opinion. You may suggest another course of action than the policy proposed in the question or add your own ideas to address the underlying problem.



| Name:   |    |  |  |
|---------|----|--|--|
| Date: _ |    |  |  |
| Teache  | r: |  |  |

# **Handout 3—Student Reflection on Deliberation**

| Large Group Discussion: What We Learned           |                |                   |                |                               |  |  |
|---|----------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| What were the most con                            | npelling reaso | ons for each side | e?             |                               |  |  |
| Side A:   |                | Side B:           |                |                               |  |  |
| What were the areas of a                          | agreement?     |                   |                |                               |  |  |
| What questions do you s                           | still have? Wh | nere can you get  | t more inform  | ation?                        |  |  |
| What are some reasons v                           | why deliberati | ing this issue is | important in   | a democracy?                  |  |  |
| What might you and/or                             | your class do  | to address this   | problem?       |                               |  |  |
| Individual Reflec                                 | ction: Wh      | at I Learne       | ed             |                               |  |  |
| Which number best desc                            | cribes your un | derstanding of    | the focus issu | e? [circle one]               |  |  |
| NO DEEPER UNDERSTANDING                           | 2              | 3                 | 4              | 5 MUCH DEEPER UNDERSTANDING   |  |  |
| What new insights did y                           | ou gain?       |                   |                |                               |  |  |
| What did you do well in personal deliberation ski |                | ion? What do yo   | ou need to wo  | rk on to improve your         |  |  |
| What did someone else i                           | in your group  | do or say that v  | was particular | ly helpful? Is there anything |  |  |

the group should work on to improve the group deliberation?